

the Americans, and the few that have made no treaty are anxious for one, and appear almost as much under its influence as those that are direct parties to it. All depends now how Americans treat them: if they act kindly, and in all their trading operations act honestly towards them, taking no undue advantage on account of power, all will be well, and we will have no cause to regret the treaty that exists between us.

#### From Sonora.

A letter from Ures, just received, says: The political horizon is again clouded; some of Gandara's party, commanded by the Opatas chief, Tanere, from Toniche, are again in the field, and augmenting in number. Tanere's band is said to count 400 strong, well clothed and organized (?) and they have become the terror of the State, having been victorious in several encounters with the troops of the Government de facto. Eight days ago they beat the Government troops under Cayetano Sylvas, in Temichi. On the 16th they took the town of Tecoripe, which was commanded by a lad only 16 years of age, by the name of Adolfo Luzero, who was immediately shot when taken prisoner. The victorious revolutionists are now on the march to Suagui, as it seems to unite with the Indians of the Yaqui river, who are also in a state of revolution, after which it is more than probable we will be paid a visit by this band of robbers, a not very pleasant prospect for us; and the whole miserable country nearly suffering from famine at present, which the incoming wheat crop only seemed to relieve, and now that the people are about gathering the product of their fields they are again obliged to arm and drill against these Indians.

The Apaches are also playing the very deuce; about 14 days ago, Slevin Davis, who was finishing Mr. Alsua's crushing mill, and a Canadian, named Peter Duffaux, were attacked by them about five leagues from this place, received a shot each, and would have been murdered had it not been for the timely assistance of some brave arrieros, (packers,) who hearing the shots came to the rescue. Both men are now in Guaymas. Messrs. Thompson, Stanton, and five more of Captain Stone's party, are still up the Sonora river, prospecting through the mines. They, as well as Capt. Stone, are expected in Ures next week.

There is news here that the Americans had hung Simon Robles, for smuggling into Arizona; this, of course is only believed by few, but his wife and children are inconsolable. Let us know what has become of him?

While we are unable to state the whereabouts of Sr Robles, we can assure our correspondent that neither he, nor any other Mexican, has been hung in this Territory.

From another source we hear that the above Indian movement was caused by a letter from Mazatlan previous to its capture by Pesqueira, written for the purpose of annoying the Liberals in Sonora, and to postpone the siege of Mazatlan, if possible. The letter did not reach its destination in time. The Liberals had time to take Mazatlan, and notwithstanding much dissatisfaction in Sonora in consequence of heavy taxation, they will now very soon crush this war of races.

Don Jesus Garcia, (El Cachero,) the bravest of the Liberals, has taken the field against the Indians, and troops are now on their way from Mazatlan. The Opatas are good and brave men, but they have no leaders of military capacity. In small parties they may gain the day, but when opposed to numbers of whites they will be routed with the bayonet, and compelled to succumb to military tactics.

Gen. Gandara is said to be in Guadalupe. Pesqueira is in Mazatlan.

SILVER TO CALIFORNIA.—Since the capture of Mazatlan by Pesqueira, there has been shipped to San Francisco from Mazatlan, Guaymas, and Manzanilla, silver to the amount of eleven hundred thousand dollars, while half as much more has probably been smuggled away by the British war vessels on the coast.

There was no important Mexican news by the last mail.

#### From the Rio Grande.

A prominent citizen of La Mesilla writes us as follows:

Judge Boone, at Albuquerque, has decided not to hold a court here at this term, but to wait until November. It is folly, then, to send those assassins which Col. Reeve has in charge to this place for trial. The little jail of Dona Ana county is crammed full of murderers, horse thieves, common thieves, and vagabonds, and those fellows cannot be safely kept here.

It may be very convenient for Judge Boone to decline holding a court at Mesilla until November, but there is neither propriety nor justice in such a course. Common humanity demands that a small, crowded, dirty jail should be cleared of its contents before hot weather.—Such a decision, unless there are very strong reasons for it, is an imposition to which the inhabitants of Dona Anna County ought not to submit if there is any possible method of reform. The least Judge Boone can do is to hold a special court and try the four prisoners from this part of the country. This attempt of our people to carry out law ought to be sustained.

The Rio Grande is very high. All the bottom lands are overflowed; the river has not been so high since 1850, and is still rising.

The call for a Convention at Tucson, for the purpose of organizing a Territorial government, meets with no favor on the Rio Grande.

Capt. Elliott, of the Mtd. Rifles, succeeds Major Holmes in command of Fort Bliss. Lieut. Jackson has been ordered to Fort Stanton; several of the companies now on the Rio Grande are expected to be ordered to Fort Buchanan.

We receive letters from El Paso, La Mesilla, Fort Fillmore, and Dona Anna, speaking in very complimentary terms of the Arizonian, but complaining that it is not received with any regularity and sometimes does not come to hand at all! This we are very sorry to hear. Our duty is faithfully performed, in the premises. Every week the papers are sent under lock and key, and delivered to the Postmaster at Tucson. We can do no more, and if our subscribers do not receive their paper they must not blame us.

#### Foreign News.

##### WAR COMMENCED IN EUROPE!

The grand struggle between France and Austria, and their allies, for the possession of Italy, has commenced. Three great Austrian armies have entered Sardinian territory. On the 28th of April there was a sharp action at the bridge of Buffalora, (on the river Tinico,) which was finally carried by the Austrians, the Sardinians retreating to Lake Maggiore.

On the 1st of May, the Emperor of Austria left Vienna to assume command of his forces. He has 300,000 men in motion toward France and Sardinia.

The Emperor Napoleon had sent a formal declaration of war against Austria to the Corps Legislatif, and announces his intention of taking the field in person. He was expected to leave Paris on the 6th of May. He disclaims all idea of conquest, and commends his wife and child to the affection of the French people.

The Austrian Emperor publishes a spirited manifesto to his people, asserting the justice of his side of the question, and closing with an appeal to the German States to resist the usurpations of France and Sardinia. It is considered almost certain that the German powers will assist Austria, as their armies are all ready to march. Both the Austrian and French forces are in the highest spirits, each side confident of victory.

The Russian contingent, promised France, was ready to move. It was uncertain how Prussia would act. England has sent a strong garrison to Gibraltar, and a powerful fleet was fitting out for the Adriatic Sea. A bounty of £10 was offered for able seamen. It is probable that for the present England will maintain an armed neutrality.

We have seen a letter from the Vicar General of New Mexico, Mr. Machebeuf, written from El Paso, in which he says he is making arrangements to visit this place, Fort Buchanan, and Tucson; he may be expected soon. This will be interesting intelligence to our Mexican population.

According to general orders just issued, officers of the medical and pay departments may, when required, command enlisted men of the U. S. Army.

#### Doings of the Apaches in Sonora.

We are under obligations to our correspondent at Apache Pass, for another communication in reference to the Apaches. It is a disgrace to our Government to allow the poor people of Sonora to be thus robbed and murdered by Indians who find refuge in our country. We appeal to the press throughout the Union to take proper notice of this matter.

APACHE PASS, May 29, 1859.

MR. EDITOR: Our Indians have returned from their late Sonora Expedition, but they are going back again in a few days. When they left Fronteras at the time they took the little boys prisoners, they took the trail that led to the town of Oposura, and they came in sight of three Mexicans on the road traveling to Arispe, one was riding a horse and the others jackasses; these men they killed and robbed of everything. They then went on, with the intention of attacking the town of Oposura, but when they came near the village they heard some men chopping wood, but the grass was so high and thick they could not be seen. The Indians then tried to creep close to the men in order to shoot them with arrows and not alarm the town; but it seems the Mexicans were watching them, and firing a volley they shot Ca-ches's favorite warrior, the ball passing clear through his body. Ca-ches, thinking he had fallen into an ambush, picked up the wounded warrior and gave the signal to retreat, giving up the attack on the town. Francisco, chief of the Coyotero band, then took his hundred warriors and went on, while the others turned back, with the wounded warrior. On the second night's travel he was in such pain they could carry him no further, and had to camp. The warrior said he could go no further, and he did not want the Mexicans to get him alive; therefore, if they would give him a knife he would kill himself. Ca-ches gave him a knife, and after half an hour's talk, the wounded man bade them all farewell and struck the knife to his heart! He was carried to the top of a mountain and buried, with his bow, lance, and all his property. The death of this warrior has spoiled the great feast which the Indians intended having on their return, for Ca-ches says he will not have any until his men kill 20 Mexicans to avenge the death of their warrior. They killed two more Mexicans on their way home and brought in a lot of stock.

Ca-ches asked me if I knew the American who had a rancho on the San Pedro, for he had lots of fine stock. I told him I thought it was Mr. Brevoort, who formerly kept the salter's store at Fort Buchanan. If there is an American on the San Pedro, he had better look out for his stock, this moon. J. H. T.

We are not aware of any American having a rancho on the San Pedro. Mr. Brevoort's establishment is at Reventone, seven miles below Tubac.

The French Minister is reported to have declared that the war in Europe would involve the United States.

#### ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOGS! HOGS!!—All persons are cautioned against permitting their hogs to run at large, as they are liable for all damages done by them, Tubac, June 9, 1859. tf MANY CITIZENS.

OFFICE SONORA EXPLORING & MINING COMPANY, Tubac, June 1st, 1859.

MULES AND HORSES STOLEN!—Stolen from Arivaca ranch, belonging to this Company, during the last month, the following described animals: 2 dun horse mules, 1 roan do do, blind in one eye, 1 bay do do, hip shot, 1 gray mare do, 3 brown do do, 4 dark Mules.

All are branded on the left side of the neck with the S, excepting the gray mule. 1 large dun Horse, white mane and tail, 1 roan Horse, 1 dun Mare.

A liberal reward will be paid for the restoration of these animals. S. H. LATHROP, Tubac, June 9, 1859. tf Director of the Mines.

PUERCOS! PUERCOS!!—Se avisa duenos de Puercos si los tendra responsables para todo perjuicio causado por tales animales en las huertas labores. MUCHO CUIDADO. Tubac, 1 de Junio, de 1859. tf

P. Robinson, GENERAL MERCHANT; AND dealer in Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware, etc., at Tucson. The highest price paid for all sorts of produce. 14

Property for Sale. I OFFER for sale my stock of Dry Goods and Groceries, Store-Houses, Private Residence, and three fine Gardens, all located in Tucson. Terms, one half cash, the balance in six months. The Storehouse is entirely new, and fitted up in fine style. The Dwelling House, a large, well arranged building, is well situated on the plaza. The Store has the best situation in Tucson for business. May 26 tf PALATINE ROBINSON.

#### WHITE & GRANGER,

AT FORT BUCHANAN. Offer for sale a large assortment of Merchandise, consisting of, DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BLANKETS, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, Tobacco, of all sorts and Qualities, LIQUORS OF ALL SORTS, &c. &c. The above-named articles will be sold at reasonable prices, for Cash.

MOSESSES—60 gallons for sale by WHITE & GRANGER, At Fort Buchanan.

COLT'S NAVY SIX-SHOOTER PISTOLS. For sale by WHITE & GRANGER, At Fort Buchanan.

500 POUNDS FOR SALE at 33 cts. per lb, by WHITE & GRANGER, At Fort Buchanan.

WHITE & GRANGER, At Fort Buchanan, have for sale, Blk. & White Guns, "North-West" Guns, Powder, Lead, &c. &c. Shot, Gun Wadding. Oils, Paints, Whippers, Pumps, Chalk, Spirits-Turpentine, Ginc, &c. &c. Candles, Tin-ware, Brass Kettles, Tubs, &c. &c. [mar 10]

BACON SIDES—12,000 lbs for sale by WHITE & GRANGER, At Fort Buchanan.

PISTOLS AND CARBINES. A SUPPLY OF COLT'S NAVY PISTOL, (new pattern,) Also, Patent "Six-Shooters," together with a number of his six-barrel Carabines and five-barrel Rifles; FOR SALE at the Store of the Sonora Exploring and Mining Company, Tubac. FREDERICK HULLEMAN, Store Keeper.

C. B. HUGHES, M. D. PRACTICING PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. TUBAC, ARIZONA.

UNITED STATES BOUNDARY HOTEL. LOCATED ON THE SONORA-VALLEY ROAD three miles from Fort Buchanan. The above hotel has been opened by the subscriber, and he is now prepared to accommodate travelers in the best style the country affords. He will also keep on hand a fine assortment of wines, liquors, cigars, &c. &c. He will also insure all horses committed to his care. Persons visiting the Fort will find good accommodations for the night at my establishment. JAMES GRAYDON.

WANTED. BY THE SANTA-RITA SILVER MINING CO. An experienced Smelter. Also, good Barrateros, to work in the Salero Mine. Apply to W. WRIGHTSON, Tubac.

ARIZONA HOUSE, TUBAC, ARIZONA. H. F. McCARTY, Proprietor.

Hotel at Tucson. THE hotel at this place formerly carried on by George Mattison, is now conducted by J. Riordan, who will pay every attention to the travelling community. A good corral is attached to the house. Tucson, June 9, 1859. J. RIORDAN.

PABLO TOURNIER DUPLA, MAGDALENA, SONORA. Receiving, Forwarding, Commission Merchant, Wholesale Groceries, Dry Goods, all kinds of Mexican Goods, etc., etc. General Agency for the purchase of lands in the State of Sonora. References: Antonio Perez, Fort Buchanan, Camou Hermanos, Hermosillo. mar 17 2m

ANDREW J. NICKERSON & COLE, Blacksmiths and Wheelwrights; WARD'S RANCHE, SONORA VALLEY. THE above firm are prepared to do all work in the line of their business, in a neat and durable style. Wagons made and repaired; all sorts of blacksmithing done, including horse and mule shoeing, with the utmost despatch and at reasonable prices. mar 31 pd

Notice. ALL persons indebted to the subscriber are requested to settle their accounts without delay, as he intends leaving the country about the first of September. All accounts unsettled by the 25th of June, will be collected by law. PALATINE ROBINSON.

Notice. NOTICE is hereby given, that packages, boxes, or parcels, brought by the Overland Mail, if left in the office over one day, will be at the risk of the owners, as the Company make no charge for storage, they will not be responsible for any loss that may occur. WM. S. GURY, Agent O. M. Co. Tucson, May 18, 1859. 2m

HORSE SHOEING, AND GENERAL BLACKSMITHING. THE SUBSCRIBER is prepared to shoe horses and mules and do a general blacksmith business at his shop at Santa Rita. mar. 24—4. JOHN A. RIDENOUR.